Working Paper A-1
Submitted by the European Union member states and their allies to the SPD committee

The undersigned recognize that there is a grave humanitarian crisis in the Darfur region of Sudan, that this violence has led to the deaths or displacements of millions of people, and that present and past attempts at conflict resolution in this area, given their mandates, resources, and wills, have failed to stem this great tragedy.

With that in mind, we are:

1. Calling for the government of Sudan to refrain from interfering with the AU peacekeeping mission
2. Calling for that the government of Sudan allow UN monitors to enter the Darfur region and move freely so as to monitor and provide regular reports on the growing humanitarian crisis in that region.
3. Additionally calling for the government of Sudan allow independent, non-government organizations, sanctioned by the UN, to operate freely in Darfur, providing humanitarian aid to all the victims of this great tragedy as the NGOs deem necessary.
4. Calling for the dispensation of UN and member states’ funds and necessary resources to the AU in a manner and amount great enough to allow the AU to secure the Darfur region from further violence.
5. Suggesting that the African Union provide support to the neighbors of Sudan so as to contain the violence in Darfur, and prevent its spread to other countries, and calling on the UN and the UN’s member states to provide adequate resources for this purpose.
6. Creating a joint UN-AU committee, appointed by the Secretary-Generals of the UN and AU, to monitor the implementation and operation of this plan’s components, and to suggest further measures for a peaceful end to the conflict in Darfur.
Signed,
United Kingdom, Ireland, Finland, Paraguay, Austria, Greece, Republic of Korea, Denmark, Dr. Congo, Haiti, Israel, and France

**Working Paper A-2**
Committee: SPD
Topic: Darfur Crisis
Sponsors: Papua New Guinea, Bangladesh, Singapore
Signatories: Thailand, Laos, Kazakhstan, Myanmar, Netherlands, Italy, Libya, New Zealand, Zimbabwe, Uganda

*Acknowledge* the dire situation in Sudan;

*Bearing in mind* the civilian safety;

*Deeply disturbed by* the human rights violations;

*Stressing* a cease fire agreement;

*Supporting* the African Union financially and with necessary supplies;

1. **Calls for** further peace talks between the 2 cultural groups,

2. **Asks that** the African Union accept humanitarian aid such as the World Health Organization or Red Cross personnel to help with immediate relief,

3. **Encourages that** the Sudanese government to allow human rights personnel to enter Sudan to help the Sudanese refugees,

4. **Reaffirming** our support for the six year plan.

**Working Paper A-3**
Committee: SPD
Topic: Darfur Crisis
Sponsors: Sudan, Indonesia, Japan
Signatories: Nigeria, Iran, Australia, UAE, Syria, Madagascar

*Taking into account* the history between the conflicting parties of the current crisis of Sudan,

*Deeply concerned about* the scarcity of economic, sustaining and enforcement resources,
Fully alarmed by the atrocities performed by both the Janjaweed Militia as well as rebel groups, including, but not limited to JEM and SLM,

Keeping in mind Sudan’s sovereignty as well as its wish to solve own conflicts with selected from the African Union,

Fully aware of that the Darfur conflict is not targeted at a specified group of people, therefore is not defined under the United Nations as genocide,

Therefore it must be resolved that the United Nations:

1. Requests that the international community support Sudan by giving funds to the African Union by:
   a. Providing food, shelter, and medical supplies
   b. Send more African Union peace-keepers to help restore and stabilize peace
   c. Create programs that would
      i. Train African doctors/volunteers to help aid victims of violence
      ii. Distribute food and water to malnourished Sudanese
      iii. Regulate smuggling of weapons
   iv. 
2. Emphasizes the establishment of peace talks between the Sudanese government and rebel groups to disallow the destruction of police stations;

3. Further reaffirms that the funds given to AU go to Darfur, Sudan;

4. Calls for more/improved refugee camps in Darfur to give safety and encouragement for Sudanese to stay in Sudan;

Resolution: A-1
Committee: SPD
Topic: Darfur Crisis
Sponsors: Algeria, Nigeria, Afghanistan
Signatories: Syria, Liberia, Morocco, Sudan, Iran, Saudi Arabia, UAE, Sierra Leone, Japan, Tanzania, Uganda, New Zealand, Zimbabwe, Madagascar

Acknowledging the crisis in the Darfur region,

Recognizing the need to bring and end to the Darfur crisis,

Realizing that the African Union is in need of monetary and relief support in order to continue their efforts,

Therefore be it resolved that the United Nations:
1. **Endorse** the African Union in their actions toward resolution of the conflict;

2. **Draw the attention** of the international community to the humanitarian crisis in the Darfur region;

3. **Invites** relief aid from the United Nations and individual countries to be filtered through the African Union;

4. **Calls for** members of the African Union to act as the decision making body for analyzing all possible actions taken by the international community;

5. **Encourages** the donation of medicinal, monetary, and food relief to Sudan, to be filtered through the African Union;

6. **Discourages** the provision of direct military aid to the African Union or to the Sudanese government;

7. **Congratulates** all nations who are in support of this resolution.

**Resolution A-2**

Committee: SPD

Topic: Darfur Crisis

Sponsors: Paraguay, France, United Kingdom, Greece, Ireland, Republic of Korea, Austria, Finland

Signatories: Denmark, Poland, Norway, Papua New Guinea, Laos, DRC, Denmark, Israel, Turkey, Haiti, Nigeria, Ukraine, Russian Federation, Papua New Guinea

Concerning the Darfur Crisis in Sudan and the escalation of conflict;

Recognizing the need of immediate support for Sudan;

Recognizing that past peacekeeping efforts in the specified region have been unsuccessful;

Keeping in mind that hundreds of thousands of people have died and been displaced from their homes;

Noting that the Sudanese government has not cooperated with humanitarian relief efforts;

It is therefore recommended that the United Nations:
1. Calls for the United Nations, any able-bodied UN members and international organizations
   provide funding and resources to the AU in order to;
   a. Secure borders and prevent the conflict from spreading,
   b. Establish humanitarian centers along the border of Sudan
to provide aid to refugees affected by the Darfur conflict,
   c. Strengthen the AU to increase the efficiency of its efforts
      regarding attempts to establish peace and a stable infrastructure,

2. Encourages the creation of a joint UN-AU committee, appointed by the Secretary-Generals
   of the UN and AU, to continue with the monitoring by the Security Council over the
   implementation and operation of this plan’s components, specifically the transfer of donations
   to the AU, and to suggest further measures for a peaceful end to the conflict in Darfur;
   d. In addition to the duties stated above, it is recommended that the UN-AU joint
      committee deploy independent NGO monitors to survey the region,
      accompanied
      by AU forces to ensure the safety of those monitors.

3. Seeking Sudan to allow independent non-government organizations sanctioned by the
   United Nations to move freely in Darfur, providing humanitarian aid to all victims of this
   great tragedy as the NGO’s deem necessary,

4. Requests that the government of Sudan refrains from directly interfering with AU peacekeeping efforts while still maintaining all rights associated with membership in the AU;

Furthermore this resolution does not authorize the deployment of any UN armed forces within the Darfur region of Sudan;

**Amendment: A-2-1**
Committee: SPD
Sponsors: Austria, Morocco, UAE
Signatories: Ireland, Greece, Paraguay, Russia, South Korea

Rewritten operative clause 2.
Encourages the creation of a joint UN-AU committee, appointed by the Secretary-Generals of the UN and AU, with the UN section predominantly comprised of Stable African and Middle Eastern countries, to continue with the monitoring by the Security Council over the implementation and operation of this plan’s components, specifically the transfer of donations to the AU, and to suggest further measures for a peaceful end to the conflict in Darfur.

**Amendment: A-2-2**
Committee: SPD
Sponsors: Austria, Finland, France
Signatories: Ireland, Greece, Paraguay, Russia, South Korea

Adding Operative Clause 5

Supports the continuation of peace talks between many of the leading militant groups, including, but not limited to, JEM, SLM, and NIF.

**Amendment: A-2-3**
Committee: SPD
Sponsors: Austria, Finland, France
Signatories: Ireland, Greece, Paraguay, Russia, South Korea

Adding Subsection 1.a.1.

1. Securing boarders around the boarders of Sudan, which include, but are not limited to, those around Chad and the Democratic Republic of Congo.
   a. Recommends that a UN force be sent to the borders of Sudan, provided that the host nations in question consent to such a deployment, to help ensure that the conflict in Darfur does not continue to spread into the host nations.

**Resolution-A-3**
Sponsors: Bangladesh, Papua New Guinea, Singapore
Signatories: Thailand, Laos, Kazakhstan, Myanmar, Netherlands, Italy, Libya, New Zealand, Zimbabwe, Uganda

1. *Conscious* of the urgency to assuage this conflict,
2. *Emphasizes* the mandates of Security Council resolution 1590, 1591 and 1593,
3. *Noting* with approval the Abuja talks between the Sudanese government and the Sudan People’s Liberation Army,
4 Deeply concerned by the allegations against the African Union peacekeeping force in the Darfur region,

5 Seeking the safety of the Sudanese civilians,

6 Alarmed by the human rights violations by any parties,

It is therefore recommended that the United Nations:

1. Reaffirms the necessity of observing the ceasefire agreement;

2. Encourages the continuation of peace talks between the rebel groups and the Sudanese government;

3. Urges the forming of a joint peacekeeping force in the Darfur region;

4. Supports the welcoming of NGOs for the purpose of humanitarian aid;

5. Emphasizes the necessity to better regulate the Chad/Sudan border

6. Calls upon all able nations to contribute monetary aid to the UNMIS

Resolution A-4
Committee: Special Political and Decolonization
Subject: Darfur Crisis
Sponsored by: Bahrain, Ecuador, Belgium
Signatories: Norway, Finland, Poland, Denmark, Republic of Korea, Czech Republic, Sudan, Japan, Fiji, Kenya, Columbia

Delegates members of the United Nations Special Political and Decolonization committee have studied the issue of Darfur Crisis and have come to the following conclusions:

1. Realizing that the current crisis is driving millions from their homes and over the border to other nations;

2. Recognizing the ethnic and economic tensions driving the warring factions;

3. Fully aware of the limitations of our own committee;

4. Acknowledging the African Unions attempt to maintain the peace;

5. Deeply disturbed by the inefficiency of the African Unions current plan to stop the crisis due to economic reasons;
6. *Sensing the need* for economic and humanitarian aid;

Be it resolved that the United Nations:

1. **Request** of the Security Council to send help, with consent of the Sudanese government, in the form of:
   a. Combatant and non-combatant personnel
   b. Additional funding with specific guidelines and moderators
   c. With the permission of bordering nations set up housing for displaced peoples
2. **Encourage** the training of current African Union peacekeepers to replace other UN Peacekeepers;
3. **Urge** the International community to send aid in the form of food stuffs, water, and building materials;
4. **Authorize** a sub-committee of SPD to be a passageway for communication with the African Union to expediate or improve current peace keeping operations in Darfur.

**Resolution A-5**
Committee: SPD
Topic: Darfur Crisis
Sponsors: Sudan, Indonesia, Japan
Signatories: Nigeria, Iran, Australia, UAE, Syria, Madagascar, Algeria, Iraq, Jordon, Saudi Arabia

*Taking into account* the history between the conflicting parties of the current crisis of Sudan,

*Deeply concerned about* the scarcity of economic, sustaining and enforcement resources,

*Fully alarmed by* the atrocities performed by both the Janjaweed Militia as well as rebel groups, including, but not limited to JEM and SLM,

*Keeping in mind* Sudan’s sovereignty as well as its wish to solve own conflicts with selected from the African Union,

*Fully aware* of that the Darfur conflict is not targeted at a specified group of people, therefore is not defined under the United Nations as genocide,

Therefore it must be resolved that the United Nations:
1. **Requests** that the international community support Sudan by giving funds to the African Union which would supply to:
   a. Providing food, shelter, and medical supplies to Darfur region
   b. Send more African Union peace-keepers to help restore and stabilize peace
   c. Create programs that would
      i. Encourage NGOs to train African doctors/volunteers to help aid victims of violence
      ii. Distribute food and water to malnourished Sudanese
      iii. Regulate smuggling of weapons from neighboring countries
      iv.

2. **Emphasizes** the establishment of peace talks between the Sudanese government including but not limited to JEM and SLM as well as the Janjaweed and rebel groups to disallow the destruction of government;

3. **Further reaffirms** that the funds given to AU go to Darfur, Sudan;

4. **Calls** for more/improved refugee camps in Darfur to give safety and encouragement for Sudanese to stay in Sudan;

5. **Authorizes** a formal evaluation of the progress made by the African Union at the end of the six-year plan outlined in the Nairobi Peace Treat

**Amendment A-5-1**
Committee: SPD
Sponsors: Japan, Sudan, Indonesia
Signatories: Senegal, Madagascar, Nigeria, Tanzania

Add new Clause 6 to Resolution A-5-1, renumber accordingly:
“Calls for an AU designated representative position that would report to the UN four times a year regarding financial expenditures and general programs in the Darfur region.”